### Lecture 02 Model verbs: possibility

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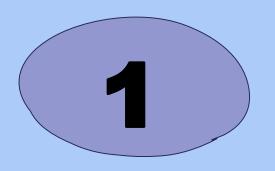
### Quote

"Maybe you can not do great things but

you can do small things With great

love. "Mother Theresa











 We use can to talk about things which are generally possible:

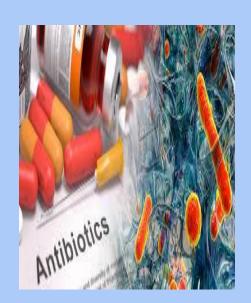
Health insurance can be very expensive. (= It is sometimes expensive.)



- Children can't concentrate for long periods of time.=
- 2. Anyone can win this competition. All the participants are very good.=

#### Formality Check

- > We commonly use may in academic and scientific English
- Over-prescribing of antibiotics may lead to the rapid development of resistant strains.





#### specific possibilities:

- This rash may/might/could be a symptom of something more serious.

- Mark isn't home yet-he may/might/ could be working late at the office.



#### **Present possibility** specific possibilities:



- a) There can be life on Mars.
- b) There may be life on Mars.



#### How to ask questions about possibilities?

 Do you think the shops might be open today?



#### How to talk about a strong possibility?

- Don't worry, the payment could well be in the post.
  - (= It is probably in the post.)

 To describe possibilities which depend on certain conditions we use could or might

- She <u>could</u> learn much more quickly if she paid attention.

- ✓ When we think that something is POSSIBLY NOT the case we use might not or may not:
- The shops may not/might not be open today; it's a public holiday.

- ✓ When we are certain something is DEFINITELY NOT the case, we use can't:
- You really <u>can't</u> drive to Ouargla in under an hour. (I'm sure about this, it's <u>impossible</u>.)



Match sentences 1-3with The right meaning a-c









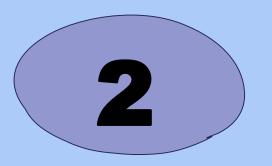
- Anna must be at home.
- She may be at home.
- She can't be at home.

- a) I'm not sure but it's possible.
- **b**) I'm sure.
- c) . I'm sure. It's impossible.

#### Key answer

- 1. Anna must be at home.
- 2. She may be at home.
- 3. She can't be at home

- a) I'm sure.
- b) I'm not sure but it's possible.
  - c) . I'm sure. It's impossible.









- ☐ future possibility or impossibility (will/won't be able):
- We'<u>II be able</u> to get a coffee at the theatre but we won't be able to eat until after the show.



- □ less certain-future action (may/might/could):
- The directors <u>may</u> call a stockholders' meeting.(= Perhaps they will call a meeting.)



- ☐ weaker possibility (could)
- > You never know, she could find a perfect job tomorrow. (It's possible, but unlikely.)





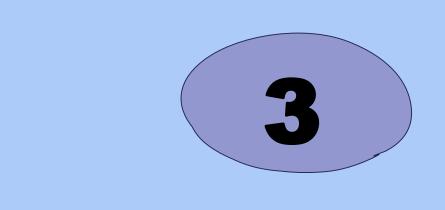
☐ do not use <del>could not/couldn't to say</del> something is definitely impossible in the present or future:

# \*\* Future possibility \*\*sth is definitely impossible in the present or future

- The optician couldn't see you tomorrow.
- The optician won't be able to see you tomorrow.
- The optician can't see you tomorrow.

- □ a possible completed action by a time in the future
- Call me next Tuesday; I might have finished the project by then.

(may/might+ have + past)









### Past possibility

#### **=** Formality Check

- academic/ scientific English
- = might:
- Wealthy Victorian families
   might employ as many as a dozen indoor servants.



# Past possibility ☐ general possibility in the past = could

Teachers <u>could</u> be very strict at my old school. (= Sometimes they were strict.)

### Past possibility

- ☐ (could/might+ have+ past participle) specific past possibility
- She might have done it; she had the opportunity and the motive. (= Perhaps she did it. )
- John <u>could have posted</u> the letter.(I'm not sure whether he did or not.)

could/might+ have+ past

### Past possibility

☐ (could/might+ have+ past participle) past opportunity (not taken)

- ➤ I might have gone to drama school, but I chose history instead.
- (= I had the opportunity but I didn't go.)



The right option/s









### Past possibility

- a)May b)might c)couldn't have done.



### Past possibility

Key Answer

- 1.They know the way here. They can't have got lost!
- 2.If Jones was at work until six, he **couldn't** have done the murder

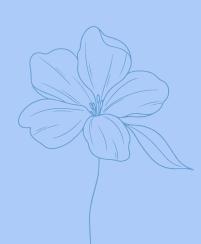
(=past event was impossible)









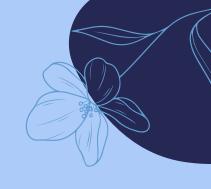


#### What do the model verb express

- The accident could have killed you.
- When I was a child, I couldn't play soccer very well.
- I don't know where he is. He may (might) be in his office.
- The shop may (might) give us a discount in the next purchase.

#### **Key Answers**

- The accident could have killed you. Possibility not true.
- 2. When I was a child, I couldn't play soccer very well. Past ability
- I don't know where he is. He may (might) be in his office.
- The shop may (might) give us a discount in the next purchase. =Indicate an UNCERTAIN ACTION



### Thanks!



Do you have any questions?

