

Buyer= purchaser

Seller= vendor

Buyer ≠Seller Purchaser≠vendor Lesson 01



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Buyers and sellers

A person or organization that <u>buys</u> something is a <u>buyer</u> or <u>purchaser</u>. These words also describe someone in a company who is responsible for <u>buying goods</u> that the company uses or <u>sells</u>. These people are also <u>buying managers</u> or <u>purchasing managers</u>. A person or organization that <u>sells</u> something is a <u>seller</u>. In some contexts, for example selling property, they are referred to as the <u>vendor</u>. People selling things in the street are <u>street vendors</u>.

The market

<u>The market</u>, <u>the free market</u> and <u>market economy</u> describe an <u>economic system</u> where <u>prices</u>, <u>jobs</u>, <u>wages</u>, etc. are not controlled by the government, but depend on what people want to buy and how much they are willing to pay.

Word combinations with 'market'

<u>Forces pressures</u>: the way a market economy makes sellers produce what people want, at prices they are willing to pay.

<u>Place</u>: <u>producers</u> and buyers in a particular market economy, and the way they behave.

<u>Prices:</u> that people are willing <u>to pay</u>, rather than ones fixed by a government.

<u>Reforms</u>: changes a government makes to an economy, so that it becomes more like a market economy.

Note: Marketplace is written as one word.

Reference:

Bill Mascull , Business vocabulary in use , Cambridge University Press, 2002

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